

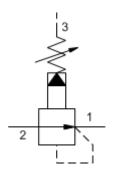


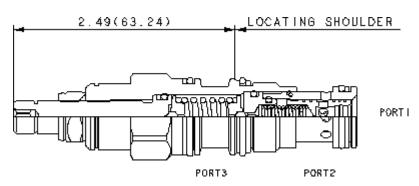
Pilot-operated, pressure reducing valve with drilled piston orifice

CAPACITY: 10 gpm / CAVITY: T-11A



sunhydraulics.com/model/PBDF





Pilot-operated, pressure reducing valves reduce a high primary pressure at the inlet (port 2) to a constant reduced pressure at port 1, allowing circuits with multiple pressure requirements to be operated using a single pump.

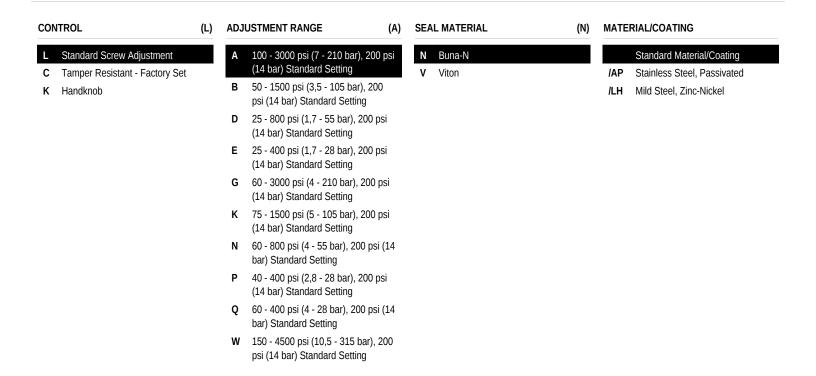
TECHNICAL DATA NOTE: DATA MAY VARY BY CONFIGURATION. SEE CONFIGURATION SECTION.

Cavity	T-11A
Series	1
Capacity	10 gpm
Maximum Operating Pressure	5000 psi
Control Pilot Flow	7 - 10 in³/min.
Factory Pressure Settings Established at	blocked control port (dead headed)
Adjustment - No. of CW Turns from Min. to Max. setting	5
Valve Hex Size	7/8 in.
Valve Installation Torque	30 - 35 lbf ft
Adjustment Screw Internal Hex Size	5/32 in.
Locknut Hex Size	9/16 in.
Locknut Torque	80 - 90 lbf in.
Model Weight	0.35 lb.
Seal kit - Cartridge	Buna: 990-011-007
Seal kit - Cartridge	Polyurethane: 990-011-002
Seal kit - Cartridge	Viton: 990-011-006

NOTES: • For Series 1 cartridges configured with an O control (panel mount handknob), a .75 in. (19 mm) diameter hole is required in the panel.

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OPTION SELECTION EXAMPLE: PBDFLAN

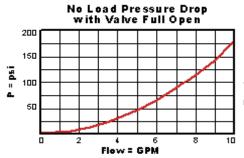


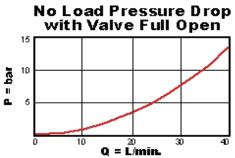
TECHNICAL FEATURES

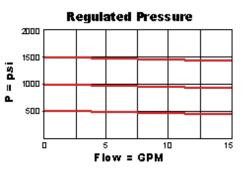
- These valves have the main stage orifice drilled into the piston rather than a staked-in orifice. This allows the valve to survive physically demanding applications.
- All three-port pressure reducing and reducing/relieving cartridges are physically interchangeable (i.e. same flow path, same cavity for a given frame size). When considering mounting configurations, it is sometimes recommended that a full capacity return line (port 3) be used with reducing/relieving cartridges.
- Full reverse flow from reduced pressure (port 1) to inlet (port 2) may cause the main spool to close. If reverse free flow is required in the circuit, consider adding a separate check valve to the circuit.
- If pilot flow consumption is critical, consider using direct acting reducing/relieving valves.
- Recommended maximum inlet pressure is determined by the adjustment range. Ranges D, E, N, and Q are tested with a 2000 psi (140 bar) maximum differential between inlet and reduced pressure. Ranges A, B, and H are tested with a 3000 psi (210 bar) maximum differential between inlet and reduced pressure. Ranges C and W are tested with 5000 psi (350 bar) of inlet pressure.
- Pilot operated valves exhibit exceptionally flat pressure/flow characteristics, are very stable and have low hysteresis.
- Pressure at port 3 is directly additive to the valve setting at a 1:1 ratio and should not exceed 5000 psi (350 bar).
- Pilot operated reducing, reducing/relieving valves by nature are not fast acting valves. For superior dynamic response, consider direct acting valves.
- W and Y controls (where applicable) can be specified with or without a special setting. When no special setting is specified, the valve is adjustable throughout its full range using the W or Y control. When a special setting is specified, this setting represents the maximum setting of the valve.
- Corrosion resistant cartridge valves are intended for use in corrosive environments and are identified by the model code suffix /AP for external
 stainless steel components, or /LH for external zinc-nickel plated components. See the CONFIGURATION section for all options. For further details,
 please see the Materials of Construction page located under TECH RESOURCES.
- Incorporates the Sun floating style construction to minimize the possibility of internal parts binding due to excessive installation torque and/or cavity/cartridge machining variations.

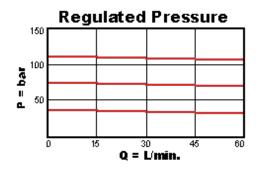
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PERFORMANCE CURVES









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