

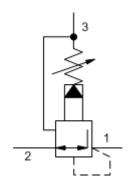


Pilot-operated, pressure reducing/relieving valve

CAPACITY: 10 gpm / CAVITY: T-11A

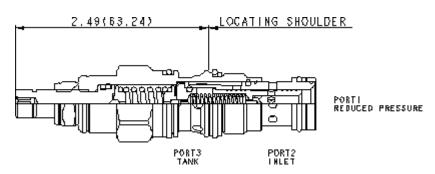


sunhydraulics.com/model/PPDB



CONFIGURATION

L	Control	Standard Screw Adjustment	
Α	Adjustment Range	100 - 3000 psi (7 - 210 bar), 200 psi (14 bar) Standard Setting	
N	Seal Material	Buna-N	
Ξ	Material/Coating		



Pilot-operated, pressure reducing/relieving valves reduce a high primary pressure at the inlet (port 2) to a constant reduced pressure at port 1, with a full-flow relief function from port 1 to tank (port 3).

TECHNICAL DATA

NOTE:

		DATA M
Cavity	T-11A	VARY
Series	1	
Capacity	10 gpm	
Maximum Operating Pressure	5000 psi	
Control Pilot Flow	7 - 10 in³/min.	
Factory Pressure Settings Established at	blocked control port (dead heade	d)
Adjustment - No. of CW Turns from Min. to Max. setting	5	
Valve Hex Size	7/8 in.	
Valve Installation Torque	30 - 35 lbf ft	
Adjustment Screw Internal Hex Size	5/32 in.	
Locknut Hex Size	9/16 in.	
Locknut Torque	80 - 90 lbf in.	
Model Weight	0.33 lb.	
Seal kit - Cartridge	Buna: 990-011-007	
Seal kit - Cartridge	EPDM: 990-011-014	
Seal kit - Cartridge	Polyurethane: 990-011-002	
Seal kit - Cartridge	Viton: 990-011-006	

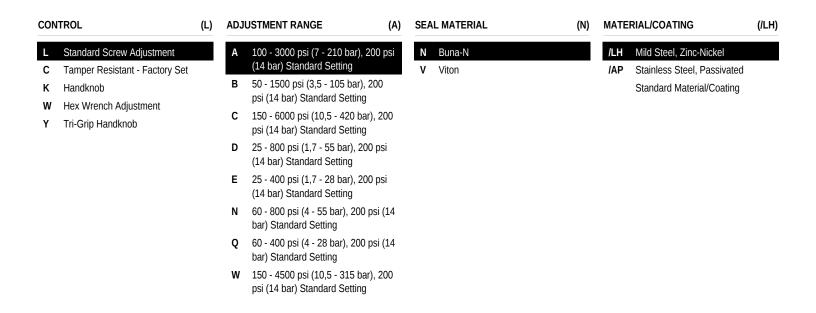
NOTES: • Maximum pressure differentials for spring ranges: A and B are 3000 psi (210 bar) N and Q are 2000 psi (140 bar) W is 5000 psi (350 bar)inlet pressure

• For Series 1 cartridges configured with an O control (panel mount handknob), a .75 in. (19 mm) diameter hole is required in the panel.

CONFIGURATION. SEE CONFIGURATION SECTION.

©2024 Sun Hydraulics 1 of 3

OPTION SELECTION EXAMPLE: PPDBLAN

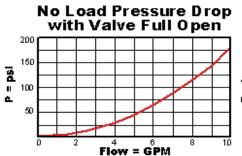


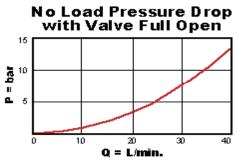
TECHNICAL FEATURES

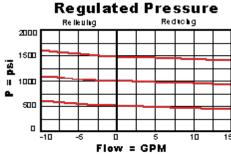
- All three-port pressure reducing and reducing/relieving cartridges are physically interchangeable (i.e. same flow path, same cavity for a given frame size). When considering mounting configurations, it is sometimes recommended that a full capacity return line (port 3) be used with reducing/relieving cartridges.
- Full reverse flow from reduced pressure (port 1) to inlet (port 2) may cause the main spool to close. If reverse free flow is required in the circuit, consider adding a separate check valve to the circuit.
- If pilot flow consumption is critical, consider using direct acting reducing/relieving valves.
- Recommended maximum inlet pressure is determined by the adjustment range. Ranges D, E, N, and Q are tested with a 2000 psi (140 bar) maximum differential between inlet and reduced pressure. Ranges A, B, and H are tested with a 3000 psi (210 bar) maximum differential between inlet and reduced pressure. Ranges C and W are tested with 5000 psi (350 bar) of inlet pressure.
- Pilot operated valves exhibit exceptionally flat pressure/flow characteristics, are very stable and have low hysteresis.
- Pressure at port 3 is directly additive to the valve setting at a 1:1 ratio and should not exceed 5000 psi (350 bar).
- Pilot operated reducing, reducing/relieving valves by nature are not fast acting valves. For superior dynamic response, consider direct acting valves.
- W and Y controls (where applicable) can be specified with or without a special setting. When no special setting is specified, the valve is adjustable throughout its full range using the W or Y control. When a special setting is specified, this setting represents the maximum setting of the valve.
- Cartridges configured with EPDM seals are for use in systems with phosphate ester fluids. Exposure to petroleum based fluids, greases and lubricants will damage the seals.
- Incorporates the Sun floating style construction to minimize the possibility of internal parts binding due to excessive installation torque and/or cavity/cartridge machining variations.

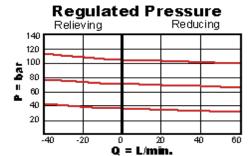
PERFORMANCE CURVES

©2024 Sun Hydraulics 2 of 3









©2024 Sun Hydraulics 3 of 3